

Self-determination Law

of the **Earth Federal Republic**

Approved with unanimity of the Earth Republic citizens participating in the General Assembly of 14th August 2017

Preamble

The Earth Federal Republic, as a federal nation, allows groups of citizens to access the statehood inside the Republic. This Law explains the process and the requisites of a state.

Chapter I: General Provisions

Article 1: Definition

- (1) A State is an autonomous entity inside the Earth Republic.
- (2) The institutions of a State use the qualifier *Local* (for example, Local Assembly, Local Government) to mark the difference with the national institutions. The Local Assembly can decide to change the name of its institutions as long as they can't be confused with the national institutions.
- (3) The head of a Local Government is the Local President.

Article 2: Laws and form

- (1) States not necessarily have a democratic system. However, they must respect all rights and freedoms defined in the Constitution.
- (2) The General Assembly can suspend any State if it repeatedly doesn't follow the Constitution or any other National Law.
- (3) A State can organize their own communication channels in any way. However, the National Government must be informed of the creation and deletion of any official communication channel.
- (4) The citizens of a State don't lose the right to participate in the General Assembly sessions.

Chapter II: Accessing the autonomy

Article 3: Requisites

- (1) Any group of citizens that live in a certain region, that share a culture, a language or similar values can form a state. All citizens that follow these requisites will immediately become citizens of the new State after being created.
- (2) The group of citizens must be big enough so it can form a Local Assembly and a Local Government.
- (3) The State must follow the Constitution.

Article 4: Referendum

- (1) In order to create a State, a referendum must be celebrated.
- (2) The referendum must be approved in the General Assembly before being celebrated.
- (3) Once the referendum is approved, the group of citizens willing to form a State will have to organise themselves to celebrate said referendum. The Minister of National

Representation shall be in constant communication with the citizens in charge of the referendum.

- (4) Only the citizens that would live in the new State shall vote in the referendum.
- (5) The referendum shall be open during, at least, one day. The referendum shall not be open during more than three days.

Article 5: Ratification and creation

- (1) The results of the referendum shall be announced in the next General Assembly by the organizers.
- (2) A new temporary Local Government should be immediately established. This temporary government shall not last more than three months. The temporary Local Government shall organize Local Elections for the new Local Government.
- (3) The Local Government may write a Statute, which will serve as the basic law of the State. However, the Statute must not contradict the Constitution.